

## Rough Terrain Forklift

Used Rough Terrain Forklift Elk Grove - Forklifts rely on two forks to unload, load and transport items. The rough terrain forklift and the industrial forklift are the two main types of forklift trucks. Industrial forklifts are mainly used in loading docks and warehouse applications with smooth and level surfaces. Rough terrain forklifts are better suited for rocky environments and uneven surfaces. Due to size, tires, and weight capacity, a rough terrain lift is primarily used outdoors, often at construction sites. The main difference between rough terrain and industrial forklifts is the cushion tires that are on industrial forklift models. Rough terrain forklifts, on the other hand, are fitted with pneumatic tires, a type of tractor tire allowing for better traction and flotation properties. Industrial forklifts can be powered by internal combustion engines but are more frequently powered by an electrical source, such as battery or fuel cell whereas rough terrain forklifts are almost always powered by an internal combustion engine. Types of Class 7 Rough Terrain Forklift Trucks

There are three main types of Class 7 Rough Terrain Forklift Trucks: 1. Straight mast forklifts; 2. Telehandler forklifts; and 3. Rotating telehandler forklifts. Every rough terrain forklift truck is designed to operate on disturbed ground and difficult locations commonly found in military and construction atmospheres. Rough terrain forklift units have better performance and maneuvering options. Safety considerations are taken into account for rough terrain locations with raising loads in difficult environments to keep the operator safe from tipping over. As with all forklift operation, the machine must be in a position to remain stable before lifting, transporting or lowering a load. Adequate stability and proper lifting techniques need to be implemented to keep the forklift stable on the ground.

**Straight Mast Forklifts** The straight mast forklift design enables easy transport around rough terrain locations including construction and demolition sites. Better accessibility and maneuverability are offered by these units thanks to their pneumatic cushion tires. Pneumatic tires allow the machine to successfully traverse difficult terrain. It is common for straight mast forklifts to come with 2-wheel or 4-wheel drive. Even though these machines are better utilized in exterior locations, many straight mast forklifts operate with propane or diesel, enabling them to be used indoors for short timeframes. Straight mast forklifts have a similar lift capacity compared to standard forklift models; ranging from 5K to 36K lbs.

**Telehandler or Telescopic Handler Forklifts** Telescopic handler forklifts or telehandlers feature a telescoping boom; hence their name. Telescoping booms are handy for allowing the machine to load and place items at different lift heights and distances in front of the forklift. The operator can achieve enhanced flexibility with better reach during load placement. Standard telehandler forklift units are long and low. They are designed with two wheels located at the front of the forklift with a different pair of wheels found close to the end of the unit. A telescopic boom is mounted at the rear of the forklift on a pivot that is fixed several feet higher than the forklift frame. The left side of the machine houses the cab and the hydraulic fluid tank and the fuel tank are found opposite to the cab. Within the frame itself, the transmission and engine are located along the center-line of the forklift. Creating a balanced machine is essential for a well-designed forklift. Having this particular configuration generates a stable environment for lifting, lowering and transporting loads. Compared to standard forklifts, telehandlers deliver higher lift heights. Otherwise known as high-reach telehandlers or compact telehandlers, these models perform. Compact telehandlers can extend their full load capacity from eight-teen feet and the high-reach models to fifty-six feet. Load capacities are between 5K to 12K pounds. All-wheel steering is popular for all-terrain forklifts and provides increased maneuverability. The power-shift transmission and steering features allow the operator to move the forklift into a safe and successful working proximity. Recent telehandler units showcase top-of-the-line ergonomic design to generate increased comfort and operator satisfaction. Operator comfort is enhanced via larger cabs and tilted steering. Increasingly, these types of ergonomic features are in demand at worksites as they have been shown to improve productivity by decreasing operator repetitive stress injuries and operator fatigue. A single joystick is a common design for most telehandlers. The joystick

is essential for controlling the boom functions and the hydraulics responsible for forward operation. These machines can use non-marking tires to allow them to be suitable for maintenance in stadiums and on buildings or billboards and sign operations. Rotating Telehandler or Roto Telescopic Handler Forklifts The basic telehandler forklift has much in common with rotating telehandlers and roto telescopic handler forklifts. The rotating telehandler can lift excessive loads to extreme heights safely and efficiently. The turntable or rotating ability add extra panache. Not having to reposition the forklift saves time and money. The rotating models have access to 360 degrees, creating a much greater workspace with immediate access. With rotating telehandlers, one joystick handles the lift capacity and a second joystick is responsible for the rotation factor. Useful additional features may be added to your standard telehandler or rotating telehandler including 4WD, increased traction via minimized slip differential on the rear axle, and power-assist steering. Of course, a machine that can rotate has extra safety considerations to understand. Because of this, rotating telehandler rough terrain forklifts come with stabilizers to increase the safety when rotating loads from one side of the forklift to the other. There are some rotating telehandlers that are designed to move heavy weights without stabilizers to reduce the time it takes to reposition the forklift for work in other areas of the jobsite. The standard telehandler offers fixed cab components and rotator telehandlers are generally smaller in comparison. Therefore, rotator telehandler units can access smaller loads when compared to standard telehandler units. Load capacities for rotating telehandlers usually range between 4,000 and 10,000 pounds, with lift heights ranging from 15 to 80 feet. Standard and rotator telehandlers can double as a crane when outfitted with specific winch accessories. These units can enable job sites that require a crane to get the job done without having to rent and transport a separate machine. Advancements for Rough Terrain Forklifts Numerous attachments can be found for rough terrain forklifts including articulating booms, rotating fork carriages, booms, winches and similar items. Because of the importance of forklift attachments in their ability to adapt forklifts to many different types of specific jobs, it is expected that the creation and availability of new rough terrain forklift attachments will continue to increase. Most of the proposed advancements will consist of included safety features within the rough terrain forklifts. The latest safety upgrades include automatic load restriction and other features. This system weighs a load automatically and then calculates the safe reach distance of the load while considering the extension and boom angle. An alarm will go off once the safe distance is reached. This alerts the operator that immediate adjustments need to be made to the boom angle, reach distance or load weight.